



Griffonia (Bandeiraea) Simplicifolia Lectin I (GSL I, BSL I), Fluorescein

FL-1101

[Product Images](#)



Short Description

GSL I is a family of glycoproteins with molecular weights of approximately 114 kDa. There are two types of subunits, termed A and B, with slightly different molecular weights. These subunits combine to form tetrameric structures, resulting in five isolectins. The A-rich lectin preferentially agglutinates blood group A erythrocytes and thus appears to be specific for α -N-acetylgalactosamine residues, while the B-rich lectin preferentially agglutinates blood group B cells and is specific for α -galactose residues. Our GSL I is a mixture of the five isolectins. GSL I has been reported to bind several glycoproteins including laminin.

Fluorescein labeled GSL I has an appropriate number of fluorochromes bound to provide the optimum staining characteristics for this lectin. This conjugate is supplied essentially free of unconjugated fluorochromes. The excitation maximum is at 495 nm and the emission maximum is at 515 nm.

Additional Information

Unit Size	2 mg, 5 mg
Applications	Immunofluorescence, Glycobiology
Recommended Usage	The recommended concentration range for use is 5-20 μ g/ml.
Recommended Storage	2-8 °C
Maximum Excitation	495-500 nm
Inhibiting and/or Eluting Sugar	Mixture of 200 mM galactose (S-9003)/200 mM N-acetylgalactosamine (S-9001).
Maximum Emission	514-521 nm
Solution	10 mM HEPES, 0.15 M NaCl, pH 7.5, 0.08% sodium azide, 0.1 mM CaCl_2
Concentration	FL-1101-2 (2 mg active conjugate/ml) FL-1101-5 (5 mg active conjugate/ml)
Conjugate	Fluorescein
Color of Fluorescence	Green
Sugar Specificity	Galactose, N-Acetylgalactosamine

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Accompanying each fluorescent lectin is an analysis data sheet summarizing the results of our quality control tests and providing pertinent information on the product. All of these reagents are supplied as solutions preserved with sodium azide.

Inhibiting/Eluting Sugar: mixture of 200 mM galactose/200 mM *N*-acetylgalactosamine



No Image Available

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