

Zombie Fixable Viability™ Sampler Kit

Catalog# / Size	423117 / 1 kit
Regulatory Status	RUO
Other Names	Fixable Dye (live/dead), Fixable Viability Dye, Dead Cell Stain Kit, Dead Cell Staining Kit
Description	The Zombie dyes in this kit (provided at 100 tests each) are the UV, NIR, Violet, Aqua and Yellow variants.

The Zombie live/dead fixable dyes are amine-reactive fluorescent dyes that are impermeant to live cells but permeant to cells with compromised membranes. They irreversibly conjugate to primary amine-containing proteins. Since there is a greater abundance of proteins inside the cell versus the cell surface, dead cells with a compromised membrane stain brighter than live cells with an intact membrane. Thus, they can be used to assess live vs. dead status of mammalian cells. However, titration of the reagent is required to ensure that live cells have minimal to no staining due to this dye on the cell type of interest. It is also important to consider that the accuracy of the live/dead assessment is dependent on the uniformity in size of each cell since larger cells will stain brighter than smaller cells, possibly confusing large cells as dead cells. Zombie live/dead fixable probes are useful for incorporation into multicolor panels, particularly in applications where cells will be fixed and permeabilized prior to analysis.

To find the spectra of each of the Zombie dyes offered in this kit, please find them here: <https://www.biolegend.com/spectraanalyzer>

Product Details

Preparation	Zombie Fixable Viability Kit is composed of 5 vials of 100 tests of each lyophilized Zombie dye and anhydrous DMSO. For reconstitution, bring the kit to room temperature only when ready to use the reagent; add 100 µl of DMSO to each vial of Zombie dye until fully dissolved.
Storage & Handling	Store kit at -20°C upon receipt. Do not open vials until needed. Once the DMSO is added to the Zombie dye, use immediately, or store at -20°C in a dry place and protected from light, preferably in a desiccator or in a container with desiccant for no more than one month. Please contact technical support for lot specific CoA and expiration date inquiries of this product.
Application	FC - Quality tested ICFC, ICC - Verified
Recommended Usage	Each lot of this reagent is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 1:100-1:1000 dilution per 1-10 million cells in 100 µL volume. For immunocytochemistry, the suggested dilution is 1:1000. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application, as optimal dosage varies with cell type.

Application Notes

Standard Cell Staining Protocol:

1. Prior to reconstitution, spin down the vial of lyophilized reagent in a microcentrifuge to ensure the reagent is at the bottom of the vial.
2. For reconstitution, pre-warm the kit to room temperature; add 100 µl of DMSO to one vial of Zombie dye and mix until fully dissolved
3. Wash cells with PBS buffer (no Tris buffer and protein free).
4. Dilute Zombie dye at 1:100-1000 in PBS. Resuspend 1-10 x 10⁶ cells in diluted 100 µl Zombie solution. To minimize background staining of live cells, titrate the amount of dye and/or number of cells per 100 µl for optimal performance. Different cell types can have a wide degree of variability in staining based on cell size and degree of cell death.

Note: Don't use Tris buffer as a diluent and be sure that the PBS does not contain any other protein like BSA or FBS.

Note: The amount of dye used can also influence the ability to detect apoptotic as well as live and dead cells.

5. Incubate the cells at room temperature, in the dark, for 15-30 minutes.
6. Wash one time with 2 ml BioLegend's Cell Staining Buffer (Cat. No. 420201) or equivalent buffer containing serum or BSA.
7. Continue performing antibody staining procedure as desired.
8. Cells can be fixed with paraformaldehyde or methanol prior to permeabilization or can be analyzed without fixation.

No-wash Sequential Staining Protocol:

1. Wash cells with PBS buffer (no Tris buffer and protein free).
2. For reconstitution, pre-warm the kit to room temperature; add 100 µl of DMSO to one vial of Zombie dye and mix until fully dissolved
3. Determine the total µl volume of antibody cocktail previously titrated and optimized for the assay that will be added to each vial/well of cells based on a final volume of 100 µl. Subtract that antibody volume from the 100 µl total staining volume intended for the assay. In the remaining volume, dilute Zombie dye at 1:100-1000 in PBS as determined by prior optimization at that volume. For example, if you are adding 20 µl of antibody cocktail for a 100

μl total staining volume, use 80 μl of Zombie solution. Resuspend $1-10 \times 10^6$ cells in the appropriate volume of Zombie solution. Different cell types can have a wide degree of variability in staining based on cell size and degree of cell death.

Note: Don't use Tris buffer as a diluent and be sure that the PBS does not contain any other protein like BSA or FBS.

Note: The amount of dye used can also influence the ability to detect apoptotic as well as live and dead cells.

- Incubate for 10-15 minutes at RT, protected from light. Without washing the cells, add the cell surface antibody cocktail and incubate for another 15-20 minutes.
- Add 1-2 mL Cell Staining Buffer (Cat. No. 420201) or equivalent buffer containing BSA or serum. Centrifuge to pellet.
- Continue with normal fixation and permeabilization procedure. If planning to skip fixation and analyze cells live, complete an additional wash step to minimize any unnecessary background of the live cells.

Notes: If the cell type in use cannot tolerate a protein-free environment, then titrate the Zombie dye in the presence of the same amount of BSA/serum as will be present in the antibody staining procedure. A higher amount of Zombie dye may be required since the BSA/serum will react with and bind up some proportion of the Zombie dye.

Antigen Details

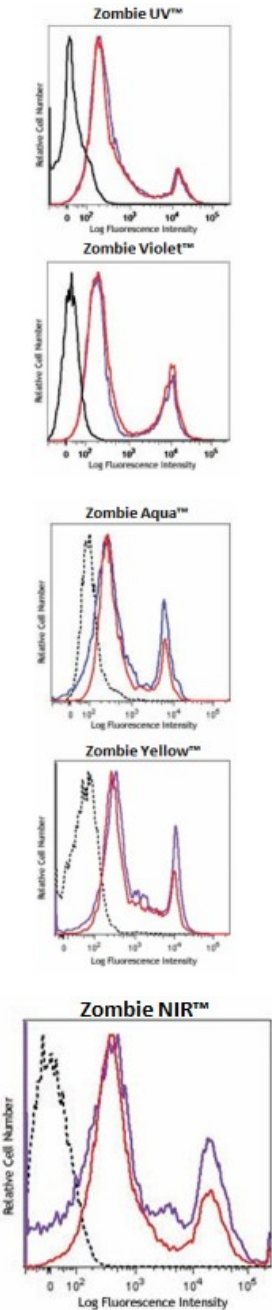
Biology Area

Apoptosis/Tumor Suppressors/Cell Death, Cell Biology, Neuroscience

Gene ID

NA

Product Data



One day old C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes were stained with Zombie dyes as indicated and analyzed before fixation (blue/purple) or after fixation and permeabilization (red). Cells alone, without Zombie staining, are indicated in black.

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